## Measurement of the Neutron Energy Response Curve of Fission Target Detection System Based on CSNS Back-n

X.P.Zhang<sup>1</sup>, Z.H.Song<sup>1</sup>, J.F.Zhang<sup>1</sup>, J.L.Liu<sup>1</sup>, Y.H.Chen<sup>2</sup>, W.Jiang<sup>2</sup>, H.Yi<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>State Key Laboratory of Intense Pulsed Radiation Simulation and Effect(Northwest Institute of Nuclear Technology), Xi'an, 710024, China <sup>2</sup>Spallation Neutron Source Science Center, Dongguan 523803, China

wetam@sina.com

## Abstract

For the sensitivity of fission target detection system, we can only use Cockcroft-Walton accelerator's 14MeV neutrons to calibrate its sensitivity previously. In this work, using time of flight method in the back-streaming white neutron beam line (Back-n) of the China Spallation Neutron Source (CSNS) in Hall 1(with flight path of ~55 meters) with double-bunch mode and single-bunch mode, we acquired the ~0.3-10MeV neutron sensitivity of a detection system based on U-235 fission target and SiC detector (with thickness of about  $30\mu$ m). A preamplifier with amplitude output and timing output coincidence with accelerator's delayed FCT signal was used as TOF signal, which were all inputted to the CAMAC system as DSP. The gamma-flash signal of a Si-PIN detector with thickness ~300 $\mu$ m placed in the symmetrical "target leg" was use as zero time. The results of single-bunch mode get well compared with that of double-bunch mode.

Please indicate your preference : (K)

- A. Fundamental properties of the neutron;
- B. Fundamental interactions & symmetries in neutron induced reactions;
- C. Properties of compound states, nuclear structure;
- D. Intermediate and fast neutron induced reactions;
- E. Gamma-decay of excited states;
- F. Nuclear fission;
- G. Neutron data for applied and scientific purposes;
- H. Methodical aspects;
- I. Physics of ultra-cold neutrons (UCN);
- J. Nuclear and related analytical techniques in the environmental and material sciences;
- K. Neutron detection;
- L. Neutron radiation effect;
- M. Nuclear reactors;
- N. Radiation transportation and simulation.

Please indicate your preference:

- □ Oral presentation
- ☑ Poster presentation
- Invited talks

Final decision will be made by Program Committee.